

# Establishing a Defendable Network and Automating RMF Compliance

Combining continuous misconfiguration detection and auto-mitigation with risk-focused compliance analysis

## **Table of Contents**

01		Abstract
02		Comparison: Network Security Assessment Methodologies
03		The challenge: accurately auditing and assuring every device, every day
	03	Network security challenges
	04	Current solution for accurately assessing configuration security and compliance
	05	The shift from ad hoc to continuous assessment with Nipper Enterprise
	05	Technical Specifications
	06	Significantly reducing MTTR and playbook controlled auto-mitigation
	07	Conclusion

## **WFTITANIA**

## Abstract

Critical network devices (firewall, routers and switches) are pivotal to the security of all networks. Each device is managed through a complex configuration. Errors arising in the configuration can result in critical security risks to the network, its data, applications and the mission.

It's why DISA ACAS augments its scanning capabilities by incorporating vulnerability and configuration assessment modules in its solution as well as traffic monitoring and reporting modules. The vulnerability scanning module provides information on vulnerabilities associated with the software/firmware version whilst the configuration module looks at the device configuration.

However, the ACAS configuration module is designed to look at each device setting individually, not in conjunction with other settings, leading to well-known accuracy issues and reports of significant time being wasted investigating false-positives findings. As a result, since 2013, elite cyber teams across Department of Defense and Fourth Estate have complemented their network vulnerability analysis with Titania's highly accurate configuration auditing software, Nipper – resulting in time savings of up to 80% for a base configuration assessment compared to using ACAS.

This whitepaper summarizes how Nipper is able to achieve unrivalled accuracy in configuration assessment by virtually modelling the entire configuration as a single entity to consider interdependencies and suppress irrelevant findings. It will also demonstrate how this approach to detecting misconfigurations is enabling cyber teams to prioritize remediation workflows for firewalls, routers and switches, based on network risk criticality – viewed through either Nipper's security and/or compliance lenses, such as NIST 800-53 or CMMC.

Moreover, as configurations change daily and these advanced cyber teams have a need for continuous assessment as a foundational component of establishing a defendable network and meeting the DoD's zero trust architecture objectives – this whitepaper focuses on how Titania will provide them with continuous detection and remediation capabilities with Nipper Enterprise.

# Comparison: Network Security Assessment Methodologies

Before looking at the challenges in assuring network security it is useful to swiftly consider and compare the assessment methodologies which are currently used by cyber protection teams.

#### **Penetration Testing**

Penetration testing is the expert process of using a variety of tools to probe and examine, in detail, how the network has been configured. In the case of firewalls, switches, routers and other infrastructure devices, this involves reviewing the configuration file, lineby-line, and comparing it to a secure configuration. Pentesters typically provide independent audits of systems. These systems are installed and maintained by experienced teams who apply their own methods and technologies for protecting their networks.

#### **Vulnerability Scanning**

Vulnerability scanning includes the assessment of a device by probing its external interface (scanning it). This process only provides a subset of the security checking required. The scans retrieve the version number of the firmware and look it up in publicly available tables from NIST or the manufacturer to list known Common Vulnerabilities and Exposures (CVE) against the firmware version. Neither of these techniques reveal risks in the device configuration, which can result in undetected misconfigurations in the network that pose critical risks.

#### **Configuration Assessment**

Configuration assessment is sometimes referred to as a 'build review' by penetration testers. It involves a line-by-line granular assessment of the internal system instructions (configuration or O/S) of a physical or virtual device. As these instruction sets determine a system's actual security response, it is regarded as the least intrusive, most accurate and detailed way of determining the system's security and compliance status. There are two types of configuration assessment technologies:

- » 'Find and match' text string analysis (grep) tools (e.g. Tenable Nessus)
- » Solutions with built-in virtual modelling of device configurations and interactions (e.g. Titania Nipper)

Complementary features	Nipper	Scanners
Authentication & Authorization Configuration	√	-
Account & Logging Configuration	√	-
IDS & IPS Configuration	√	-
Password Strength & Encryption Analysis	√	-
Timeout Configuration	√	-
Physical Port Audit	√	-
Routing Configuration	√	-
VLAN Configuration	√	-
Network Address Translation	√	-
Network Protocols	√	-
Device Specific Options	√	-
Time Synchronization	√	-
Network Filtering (ACL) Audit	√	√
Wireless Networking	√	√
Warning Messages (Banners)	√	√
Network Administration Services	√	√
Network Service Analysis	√	√
Software Vulnerability Analysis	√	√
VPN Configuration	√	√
Network Discovery and Topology	-	√
Availability Monitoring	-	√

Grep configuration auditing is prone to false positives and false negatives, whereas virtual modelling provides the high levels of granular auditing accuracy needed for SIEM solutions and Security Orchestration Automation and Response (SOAR) enabled playbookcontrolled risk prioritization and auto-mitigation.



# The challenge: accurately auditing and assuring every device, every day

Modern military and federal networks can contain hundreds or thousands of firewalls, switches and routers. This represents an enormous attack surface to defend as all the devices must maintain a secure configuration that matches both network policy and functional intent. Over time, these configurations can change, with a range of people altering them for differing purposes, leading to configuration drift.

Configuration drift is where the device configuration drifts out of compliance with policy, resulting in unintended security risks. Most of this activity is not malicious in intent but results in potentially critical security and operational problems nevertheless, largely through the unwitting interaction of configurable items – for example, routing changes or firewall rules.

#### "Human error creates the biggest threat. Technicians can inadvertently misconfigure devices, opening up holes. We need to go back and validate configs."

DISA Emerging Technologies Directorate, Steve Wallace

Traditional approaches to assessing the security status of a network involves personnel penetration testing the devices. This is a skilled and time-consuming job. The combination of network scale and the number of trained penetration testers available – even when using best of breed, on demand, configuration assessment software to automate the process – means that only a sample of devices can be tested and/ or the cadence of testing reduces to testing the devices once per year. This can result in any security risks, including critical risks, persisting in the network and exposing the mission.

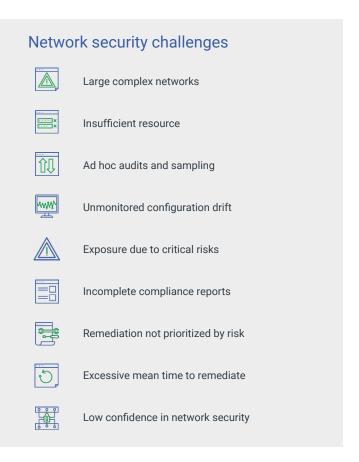
Indeed, military and federal security risk management programs now reflect that sampling is insufficient to protect networks.

Moreover, RMF for DoD and DHS CDM (both based on NIST 800-53) stipulate that the agenicies must implement continuous assessment. To protect critical vendors in agency supply chains, CMMC and NIST 800-171 also recommend continuous monitoring for security risks.

If regulatory and mandated compliance was not enough of a driver already, recent events have emphasized how easily network security can be breached, and the far-reaching consequences of those breaches. It has long been recognised that a determined attacker will gain access to a network eventually using one of a variety of techniques. Once in the network, it is important that their progress to their goal is made as difficult as possible, inhibiting lateral movement. This means that security within the network perimeter is as important as the security on devices forming the perimeter. It's why network architects are increasingly adopting a zero trust approach to securing networks. Particularly since DISA released its Zero Trust Reference Architecture, emphasizing its importance, and the Presidential Executive Order from May 2021 specifically called out the adoption of zero trust paradigms to mitigate risks.

There are many aspects to zero trust, but at its heart lies the principle that no entity should be implicitly trusted due to the application, device or location that they appear to be using. The second principle is to understand your estate and ensure every node in the network is configured correctly and has no security holes. As networks mature towards higher levels of zero trust implementation, it becomes necessary to perform continuous assessments to assure the network remains secure and that any inadvertent or deliberate acts are discovered quickly and the risk remediated.

This is why network and security teams need a solution with the capability to accurately assess the security configuration and compliance status of every device in a network, preferably on a continuous basis, ensuring that any misconfigurations are identified quickly and remediated as soon as practicable.





# Current solution for accurately assessing configuration security and compliance

Used across the US Department of Defense since 2013, Nipper offers unrivalled accuracy in detecting security and compliance issues in firewalls, switches and routers, and is used for configuration analysis over and above ACAS. In this environment, Nipper has been proven to deliver higher accuracy and to reduce false-positive findings significantly, providing a superior, network-centric risk score, and offering detailed remediation instructions. It is reported that using Nipper instead of ACAS to assess the network reduced base audits from 10 working days to 2, through not wasting time investigating false-positive findings generated by ACAS.

Nipper achieves this superior accuracy through its virtual modelling of the entire configuration as a single entity. By adopting this approach, the analysis can consider the interdependencies of the configuration settings and supress findings that are irrelevant, for example, because they are not enabled elsewhere in the configuration. The same is true for complex configurations within firewall devices, where overlapping rules can cause security issues, but all of the rules must be ingested and analysed simultaneously to discover them.

Not only does Nipper provide accuracy, it also provides a network risk context for any issues it finds. Competitor products use CVSS severity rather than risk scoring, but Nipper also takes into account other factors representing risk to the network, not just to the device. This includes:

- » The impact of an exploitation of the misconfiguration
- » How easy it is to exploit it, i.e. to assess risk likelihood
- » How easy it is to remediate.

The Nipper findings report then automatically prioritizes the risks identified by criticality to the network.

Alternatively, the risk can be viewed through a compliance lens. For example, by assessing the 34 automatable NIST 800-53 controls across 10 control families, Nipper categorizes any misconfigurations found, prioritized by risk for remediation against the NIST 800-53 control and control family to accurately prioritize RMF remediation by risk criticality.

In addition to scoring risk by security and/or compliance, Nipper also provides detailed remediation advice, with command line syntax instructions, allowing network professionals to remediate issues quickly.

This information is invaluable to the SOC and NOC to inform remediation strategies and workflows. It allows them to reduce the risks in the network, to the greatest extent, as quickly as possible as well as proving RMF assurance. Whilst its valuable results can be aggregated and analysed in SIEM and GRC solutions to provide in-depth, on-demand analysis, until recently Nipper could not provide continuous configuration assessments, as it relied on a human to drive the process. Titania's Nipper Enterprise product now solves this problem, by automating the whole security and compliance assessment process for the network.

The unique features and properties of Nipper have now been embedded and encapsulated in an enterprise-ready solution.







 $\mathsf{RMF}/\mathsf{NIST}$  800-53 compliance assessment prioritized by network risk



# The shift from ad hoc to continuous assessment with Nipper Enterprise

Nipper Enterprise is a web application using a set of containerised Nipper instances that scale up and automate the assessment of the configuration of every network device, every day. This brings the power and accuracy of Nipper to the whole network and enables the continuous audit and compliance assessment against mandataed risk frameworks, such as RMF and CMMC, that advanced cyber teams need.

Nipper Enterprise is capable of directly connecting to network devices to access the configuration file, connecting to a configuration management database (CMBD), or ingesting previously extracted configuration files. The analysis performed is identical regardless of the configuration source.

By ingesting configuration files, Nipper Enterprise can be used in situations where security professionals or auditors do not have direct access to the devices but are provided with the configurations or they are available from a CMDB.

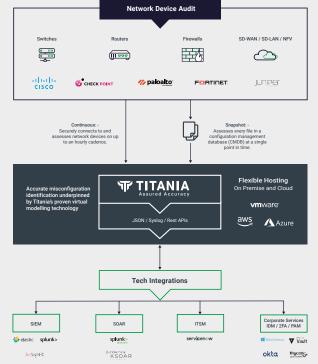
The file-based Nipper Enterprise mode facilitates auditing every device in the network at a single point in time, so as to produce and compare RMF posture assessments for the network.

Connecting to a CMBD allows Nipper Enterprise to detect when configurations change, and then automatically assesses the change for security and compliance.

Alternatively, Nipper Enterprise's connected mode fully integrates into the enterprise network and can connect directly and securely to devices offering the opportunity to schedule auditing, up to hourly, if required.

Nipper Enterprise is not tethered to external cloud systems in any of its modes, so no security or compliance data leaves the product, except through explicit secure integrations to trusted

## NIPPER ENTERPRISE: TECHNOLOGY & DEVICE INTEGRATIONS



existing systems, for example to SIEM, SOAR, GRC or ITSM systems.

In the case of integrations with SIEM systems, such as Splunk and Elastic, the findings are shipped to these products as JSON records, either directly or via data lakes using SYSLOG as a transport. Titania has built dashboards in these products, using the powerful analysis and visualization capabilities of the systems to provide on-demand and continuous network compliance and risk views for the NOC and SOC professional respectively.

#### **Technical Specifications**

Titania Nipper Enterprise is a horizontally scalable application and can be applied to the largest networks, operating at an hourly audit cadence if required.

The application can be hosted in a VMWare environment as a virtual appliance, or within an AWS VPC. The application does not ship data to any cloud services, and can be deployed in air-gapped environments.

Nipper Enterprise accesses device configurations flexibly, to allow for a range of deployments. Firstly, device details can be provisioned into the application, and then Nipper Enterprise will reach out securely to the device over the client network to retrieve the configuration for analysis. The configuration is retrieved either as a single action, or on a regular scheduled cadence from every hour, to quarterly. Nipper Enterprise has successfully assessed and reported on over 300,000 device configurations daily, and, due to its horizontally scalable nature, this can be increased further as required. If direct network access is not possible, then Nipper Enterprise can connect to a CMDB, or configuration files extracted separately can be deposited in an application directory for audit. These modes are also scalable allowing for hundreds of thousands of devices to be assessed quickly at a single point in time.

All Nipper reports produce tagged security findings that Titania has mapped to Risk Management Frameworks; for example, NIST 800-53 dashboards have been developed in Splunk to visualize the RMF compliance across the network, applying a risk lens through which to prioritize actions.

Nipper Enterprise is also future proof, supporting a wide range of enterprise integrations, including SIEM and SOAR systems, to facilitate automatic remediation where this is appropriate.

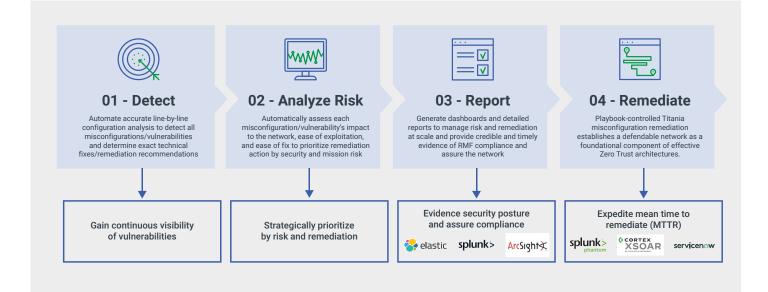
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## Significantly reducing MTTR and playbook controlled auto-mitigation

Virtually modelling and analysing the entire configuration as a single entity, in the way that Nipper and Nipper Enterprise do, provides accuracy and granular detail about where the actual configuration differs from the desired secure configuration. This means that the findings can be reported with remediation recommendations and where possible complete with command line syntax instructions to remediate any misconfiguration risks found.

This means that Nipper Enterprise can produce reports suitable for ingest by workflow tools, such as ServiceNow, or automatic playbook controlled remediation tools, such as SOAR, incluing Splunk Phantom and Cortex XSOAR. Integrating Nipper Enterprise's detailed findings with SOAR systems not only allows configuration security and compliance data to be visualized and prioritized in those products, it can also be used in playbooks that step through the remediation processes, enabling playbook controlled automatic remediation capability for a variety of risk classes.

So Titania's software is not only proven to reduce the mean time to detect (MTTD) network misconfigurations, it also addresses the mean time to repair (MTTR) and remediate risks, supporting users in their missions to establish a defendable network.





#### Conclusion

Increasingly sophisticated methods of attack, the sheer size of networks, and the volume of interdependent configurations that need to be checked daily, means network security is no longer considered a case of 'finding and fixing' every vulnerability. Rather, best practice is to find and fix the misconfigurations that pose any critical risk first and to inform remediation workflows, ensuring the prioritization of the work that is required to most significantly improve the security and compliance posture of the network.

Reducing the mean time to remediate a vulnerability that has low impact on the network if exploited cannot be considered an effective benchmark of security. In order to prioritize remediation effectively, network owners need to be able to:

- Accurately identify misconfigurations and interdependencies between network settings
- » Analyze the impact if it is exploited
- » Understand how easy it is to exploit the misconfiguration
- » Assess the risk in terms of both security and compliance
- » Calculate how easy it is to remediate (with a time to fix)
- » Determine and advise the remediation recommendation

Only then, equipped with the accurate data they need, can network teams implement considered remediation workflows that provide a roadmap to security compliance and configuration confidence.

So whilst on the surface, vulnerability detection software for the network might appear equal – in reality, the way in which the software detects vulnerabilities has a significant impact on the efficacy of the findings and on a network team's ability to remediate critical misconfigurations and reduce risk. Vulnerability scanners with configuration management modules that use GREP analysis can find firmware and software quality issues, but cannot accurately identify and prioritize network misconfigurations based on risk.

Complementary to their analysis, Titania's Nipper solutions provide:

- » Audit accuracy saving significant time not investigating false positives and identifying misconfigurations others don't to improve MTTD
- » Risk scoring and prioritization with a security and/or compliance lens
- » Remediation advice with exact technical fixes that can be used in playbook-controlled auto-mitigation, reducing MTTR

Furthermore, Titania has augmented Nipper software and associated visualizations to specifically address the DoD network and report against the RMF compliance framework. By generating a unique network risk assessment, Nipper's NIST 800-53 compliance report is prioritized to help network owners decide what actions to take first to reduce RMF risk as soon as possible.

These are the primary reasons that the DoD and approximately. 30 other federal agencies complement their DISA ACAS (Tenable Nessus) analysis with Nipper configuration analysis for firewall, switch and routing devices. It's also the reason that Titania has developed Nipper Enterprise, to deliver the market-leading configuration assessment accuracy that the DoD depends on, at scale, every day.

### About Titania

World leaders in accurate configuration audit automation, with over 10 years supporting US government security and compliance missions, Titania's proven software is trusted to secure the world's most critical networks against preventable attacks.

For more information on any of our products or services please visit: <u>www.titania.com</u>



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